






Cat® Electric Power

Cooling Systems and Harsh Environments

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Market Development
Consultant



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Agenda

- Cooling Systems
- Harsh Environments (Air temperature, air pressure, air quality)
 - Altitude
 - High Humidity and Coastal
 - Extreme Ambient Temperatures
 - Dust/ Particulate
- Harsh Environments (Earthquakes)
 - Seismic Certification
- Summary

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Cooling Systems



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Agenda

- Why do we need a Cooling System?
- Cooling Terminology
- Engine Coolant
- Enclosures
- Container Design
- Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD)
- Additional Cooling system validation
- Summary

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Why do we need a Cooling System?

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Why do we need a Cooling System?

- Internal combustion engines create heat as a result of combustion and friction between moving parts

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- Major engine components such as pistons, cylinder heads and valves need to be kept cool

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Why do we need a Cooling System?

- Internal combustion engines create heat as a result of combustion and friction between moving parts
- Major engine components such as pistons, cylinder heads and valves need to be kept cool
- Cylinder temperature control is important to maintain a protective film of oil on the surfaces whilst the oil itself needs to be kept cool to work effectively

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Why do we need a Cooling System?

- Thermal Efficiency
 - X% of the energy in fuel ends up as usable power

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Why do we need a Cooling System?

- Thermal Efficiency
 - X% of the energy in fuel ends up as usable power
- What happens to the rest of the energy?

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Engine and Cooling System Components for Heat transfer

Engine

- Engine Jacket water circuit
- Engine water pump
- Engine coolant
- Engine temperature regulator (thermostat)
- Engine pressure cap setting
- Engine oil & oil cooler
- Engine charge air circuit (where applicable)

Cooling System

- Cooling Fan
- Cooling system jacket water circuit
- Connecting pipework
- Cooling system charge air circuit (where applicable)

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Cooling Terminology

Ambient capability (ambient clearance)

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Cooling Terminology

Ambient capability (ambient clearance)

- Maximum ambient temperature in which the cooling system can operate effectively without causing the generator set to shutdown due to high engine temperature.

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- Site conditions affect the ambient capability and include.....

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 - External restriction to cooling airflow (higher restriction, lower air flow)

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 - External restriction to cooling airflow (higher restriction, lower air flow)
 - Site altitude above sea level (air density?)

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Cooling Terminology

Ambient capability (ambient clearance)

- Maximum ambient temperature in which the cooling system can operate effectively without causing the generator set to shutdown due to high engine temperature.
- Site conditions affect the ambient capability and include:
 - External restriction to cooling airflow (higher restriction, lower air flow)
 - Site altitude above sea level (air density?)
 - Humidity at site (air density?)

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Engine Coolant

- **Water**
 - Most efficient heat transfer medium
- **Glycol**
 - Provides protection against boiling, freezing and water pump cavitation
- **Additives**
 - Protect the metal surfaces of the cooling system
 - Protect against coolant foaming, corrosion and build up of scale
- **Additives**
 - Lower specific heat capacity than water alone
 - **CAT gensets typically use a 50% antifreeze mixture - Extended Life Coolant (ELC)**
 - Ambient capability decreases by approximately 1 DegC for each 10% of antifreeze added



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Typical Spec Sheet Statement

“Cooling system designed for 50°C operation”

Cooling system - Standard integral set-mounted radiator system, designed and tested for ambient temperatures up to 55 °C (131 °F), simplifies facility design requirements for rejected heat.

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Typical Spec Sheet Statement

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- At what site conditions?

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- At what site conditions?
- How does the engine and alternator perform at this temperature and these site conditions?

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Typical Spec Sheet Statement

“Cooling system designed for 50°C operation”

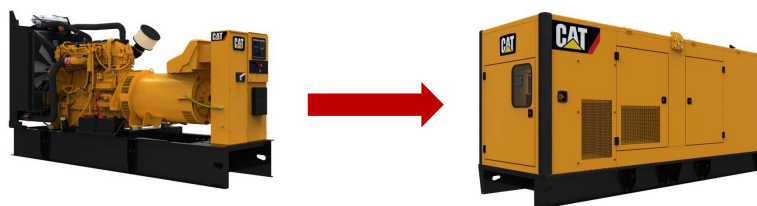
Cooling system - Standard integral set-mounted radiator system, designed and tested for ambient temperatures up to 55 °C (131 °F), simplifies facility design requirements for rejected heat.

- At what site conditions?
- How does the engine and alternator perform at this temperature and these site conditions?
- What happens when an optional enclosure is selected?

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Adding an Optional Enclosure

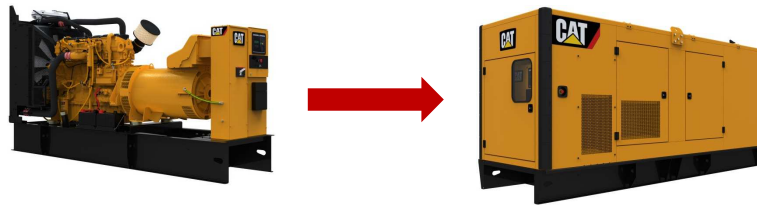


- Ambient capability ?

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Adding an Optional Enclosure

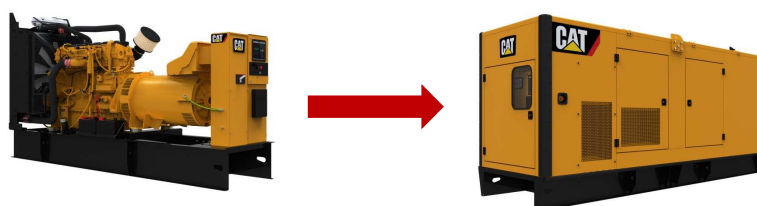


- Ambient capability is reduced

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Adding an Optional Enclosure



- Ambient capability is reduced
 - Restriction
 - Cooling air is heated by: alternator, exhaust manifold, turbo and exhaust pipework, heat radiated from cylinder block and head.
 - As the enclosure surface temperature increases this adds to the heating effect.

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Enclosure Spec Sheet Data

C13 Example



50 Hz SA Enclosure (Low BSFC)			Ambient Capability*		Airflow Rate		Sound Pressure Levels dBA @ Full Load			Exhaust Back Pressure	
ekW	kVA	PP/SB	°C	°F	m³/s	cfm	1m	7m	15m	in H ₂ O	kPa
360	450	SB	49	120	5.6	11866	81.8	70.6	64.6	12.1	3.0
320	400	PP	49	120	5.6	11866	81.4	70.3	64.3	10.0	2.5

- Some manufacturers may not show the enclosure ambient capability.

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Enclosure Spec Sheet Data

C13 Example



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320	400	PP	49	120	5.6	11866	81.4	70.3	64.3	10.0	2.5

- Some manufacturers may not show the enclosure ambient capability.
 - It will be lower than the Open set and could be significantly lower, depending on the design!

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More Information Available from Cat Dealer

Percentage Load	Airflow Rate m3/min	Ambient Capability Sea Level (Deg C)	Ambient Capability 300 m (Deg C)	Ambient Capability 600 m (Deg C)	Ambient Capability 900 m (Deg C)
100	516	49	47	45	43
75	516	53	51	49	47

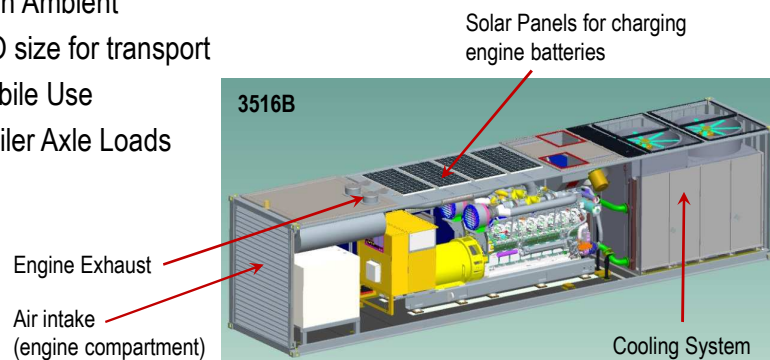
- Your Cat dealer has access to the “engine and cooling” ambient capability.
- SpecSizer

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Container Design for Power Modules

- **EXAMPLE: MEW Kuwait Customer Requirements**
 - 1.8MVA
 - High Ambient
 - ISO size for transport
 - Mobile Use
 - Trailer Axle Loads

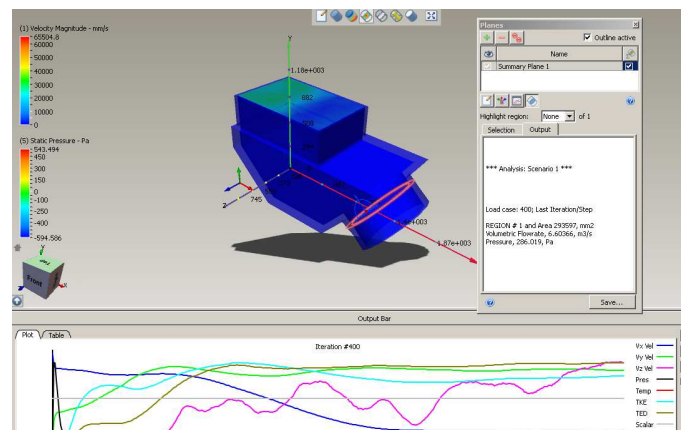


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CFD model - engine compartment air flow

- Duct and Grill design optimised for pressure drop

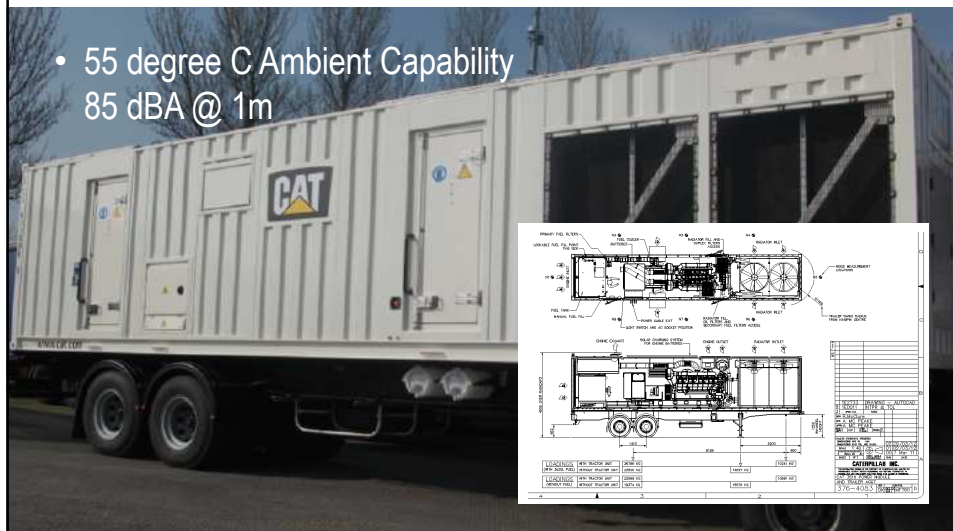


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Performance

- 55 degree C Ambient Capability
- 85 dBA @ 1m



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Low Ambient Containers

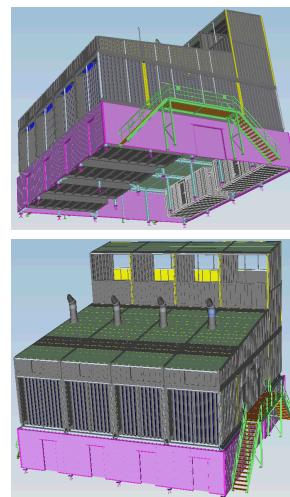
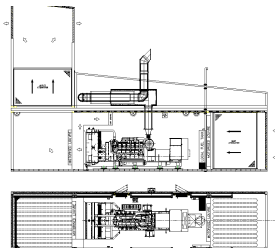


- **Customer Requirements**
 - 2 x 3512B
 - 3.3kV – 1.5MVA
 - -40 to +20 Ambient
 - 75dBA @1m
 - Exhaust Gas, JW & SCAC Heat Recovery

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Datacentre Product

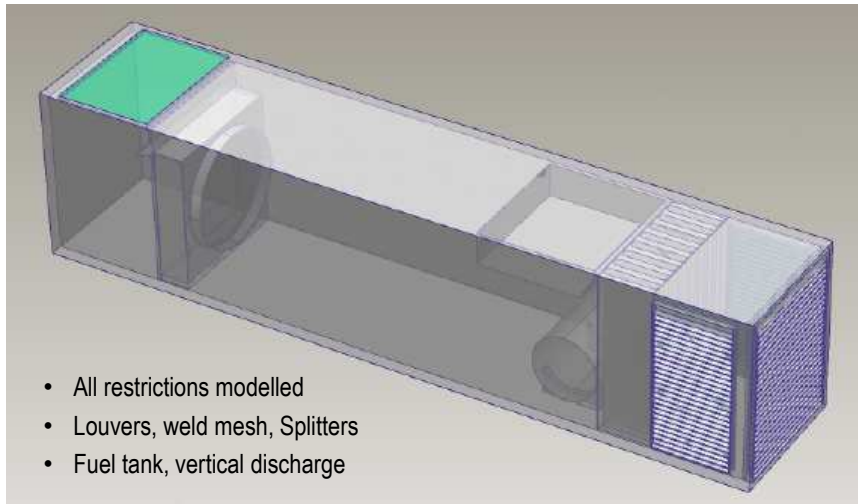
- **Customer Requirements**
 - 4 x 3512B @ 1875kVA each
 - 50dBA @ 50m ~ 66@1
 - **Ambient = -40 to +34 degC**
 - Air Recirculation system
 - Fire Suppression System – water mist



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CFD modelling used for Generator Set Enclosure and Container designs



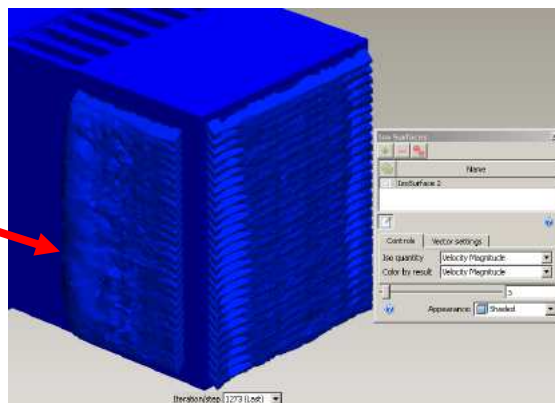
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3512 – Air Intake Velocity Profile

Modelled with Fan Curve with Tank with Splitters
3m/s ISO Plot

- Higher velocity profile
- On closest edges of side louvers
- Similar to validation trends but higher values



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3512 – Air Intake Velocity Profile (cont.)

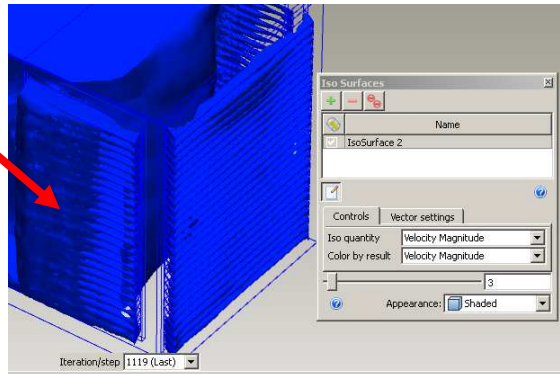
Modelled with **Fan Curve without Tank without Splitters**
3m/s ISO Plot

- Again shows higher velocity profile on closest edges of side louvers
- Similar to validation trends but higher values

Converges at 1119 iterations
1m elements

25.4m³/s (177PA)

+3.2% ON CFD

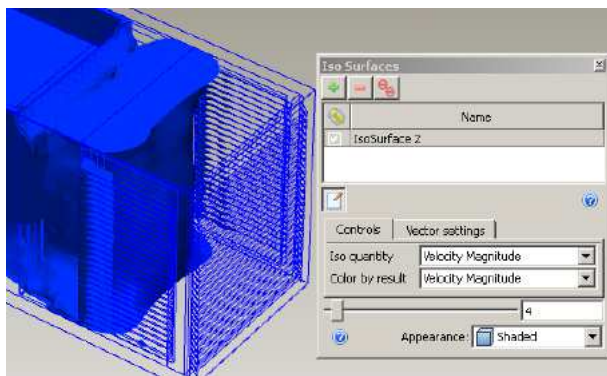


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3512 – Air Intake Velocity Profile (cont.)

Modelled with **Fan Curve without Tank without Splitters**
4m/s ISO Plot

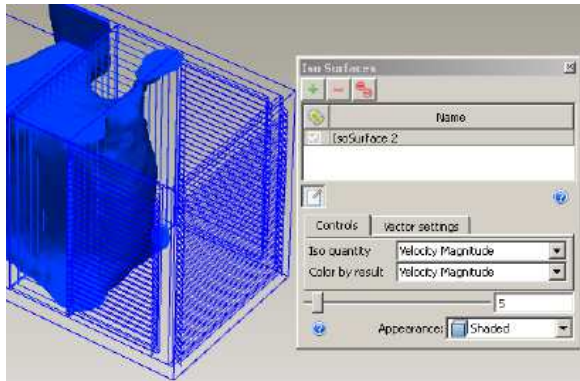


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3512 – Air Intake Velocity Profile (cont.)

Modelled with **Fan Curve without Tank without Splitters**
5m/s ISO Plot

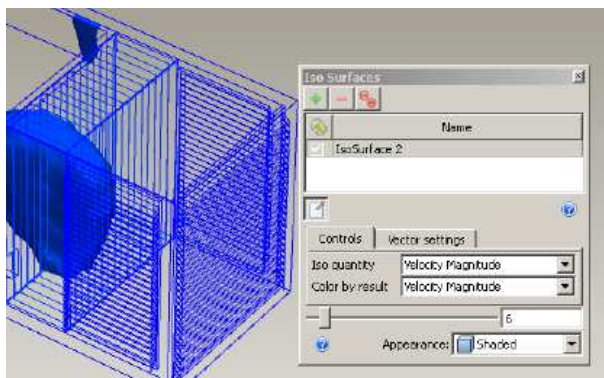


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3512 – Air Intake Velocity Profile (cont.)

Modelled with **Fan Curve without Tank without Splitters**
6m/s ISO Plot



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Additional Cooling System Validation

- In addition to air flow and thermal performance testing, Caterpillar also ensures the generator set is fitted with a practical, durable and efficient cooling system which will perform and protect the engine.
- The following tests are also carried out to ensure high standards are maintained:

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 - Drawdown Capability

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 - Pump Cavitation
 - Drawdown Capability
 - Air Venting Ability

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 - Air Venting Ability
 - Hot shut down test

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 - Filling Test (adequate fill rate without trapping air in system)
 - Pump Cavitation
 - Drawdown Capability
 - Air Venting Ability
 - Hot shut down test
 - Reliability (Endurance testing)

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Harsh Environment Considerations

- Altitude
- High Humidity and Coastal
- Extreme Temperatures
- Dust/Particulate

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Altitude

- Derate
 - Above 500m and below 1500m (Engine vs. Radiator)
 - 1500m the engine derates much faster than the radiator
- Higher pressure cap
 - Boiling point of the coolant

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High Humidity/Coastal

- Condensation and evaporation process
 - Salt corrosion
 - Standby vs. Prime/Continuous operation
- Radiator core coating
 - Heresite
- Frame
 - Galvanized
 - Plan to manage all steel components on the generator set

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Extreme Temperatures

- > 50-55C
 - Decrease in efficiency due to decreasing heat gradient
 - Balance of fan speed vs. core size
- < 0C
 - Control of engine air inlet temperature
 - Space heaters
 - Recirculation: fan failures and/or louver damage
 - After cooler circuit (No thermostat)
 - Thermal shock on engine
 - Electrical controlled (custom not offered in Price list)
 - Mechanical (may have special offering, truck & petroleum app)

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Dust/Particulate

- Radiator core clogging/plugging
 - Maintenance program
 - Cleaning: Air exit toward the inside
 - Single and Dual core
 - Fin spacing and type
- Fan degradation
 - Material hardness
 - More concerning with composite fans
 - Fan balance
 - Airflow velocity

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**Harsh
Environments
(Earthquakes)
Seismic
Certification of
Gensets**



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Seismic Certification of Gensets

- Introduction
- Regulations
- Code and Certification
- Cat Certified Packages

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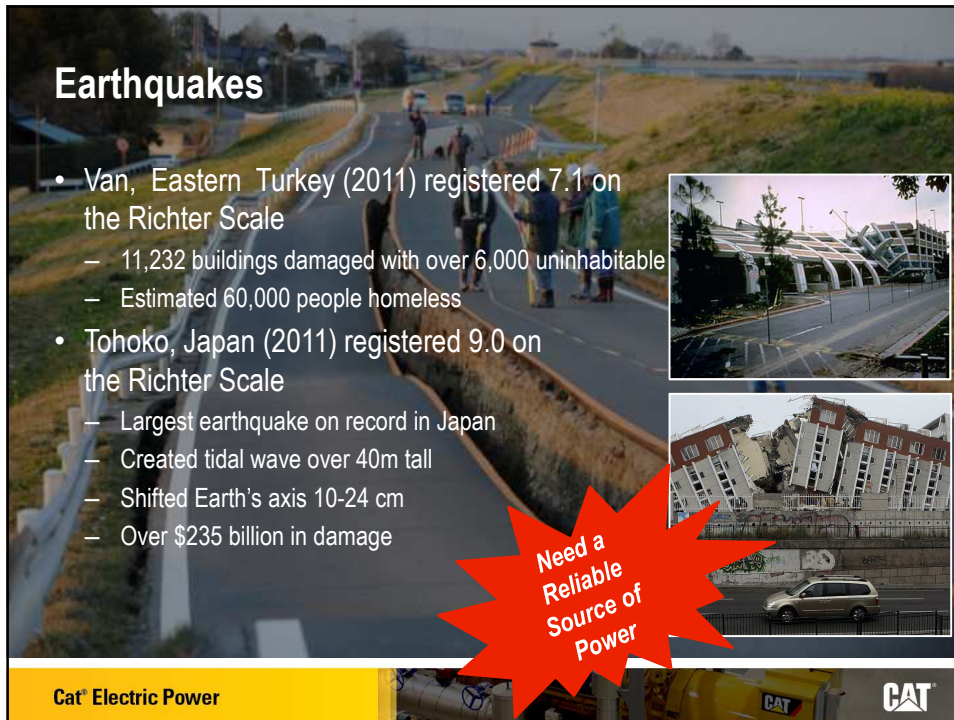
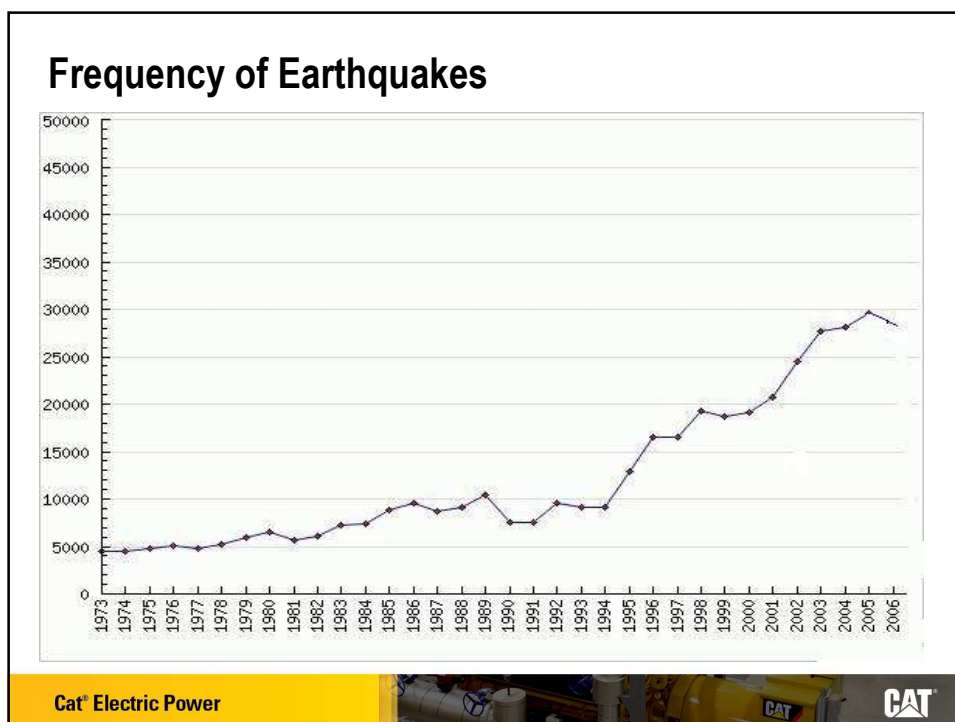


Earthquakes

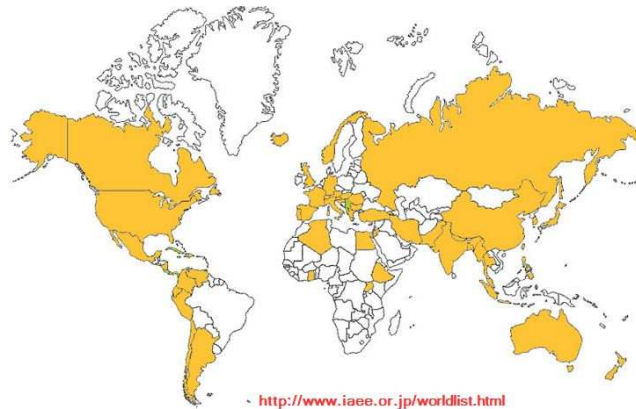
- Van, Eastern Turkey (2011) registered 7.1 on the Richter Scale
 - 11,232 buildings damaged with over 6,000 uninhabitable
 - Estimated 60,000 people homeless
- Tohoko, Japan (2011) registered 9.0 on the Richter Scale
 - Largest earthquake on record in Japan
 - Created tidal wave over 40m tall
 - Shifted Earth's axis 10-24 cm
 - Over \$235 billion in damage

Need a Reliable Source of Power

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Seismic Levels and Regulations



- No central governing agency worldwide
- Rooftop and ground certifications

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International Building Code

- Caterpillar certifies to IBC
 - Most stringent worldwide
- Governed by the International Code Council
- IBC references ASCE 7 for genset code requirements
 - Elaborate code of certification and calculations
 - Updated every 2 years
- Main concern is “Active and Energized” components



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Caterpillar Certification Process

- Caterpillar Electric Power utilizes global experts
 - Understand current code and future changes
 - Daily interaction with certifying agency
 - Structural Engineers specialized in seismic activity
 - Perform all analysis and provide recommended design changes
 - Coordinate all testing, documentation, and obtaining approved certification

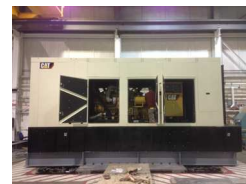
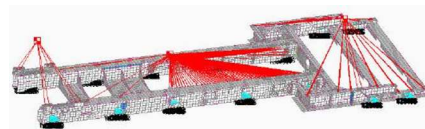
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Obtaining Certification

- Multi step, lengthy, and costly process
- Consists of the following:
 - Analysis
 - Product design iteration
 - Shake table testing
 - Documentation
- 9-12 months for typical project duration
- Up to \$500k (USD), excluding genset costs
 - Optimize global volume to minimize costs
- Documentation of product changes after certification



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Shake Table



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Certified Packages

- Currently Certified to $S_d < 3.2g$ (ground)
 - Range from C27 to C175-20
 - Includes rooftop installations at $S_d < 2.0g$
 - Highest possible certification, dictated by latest ASCE 7
 - No other manufacturer is currently certified to this level
- New product exceptions
 - C175-20 package mounted rads – no plan
 - 3516E 50 Hz with OOB
 - 1750 ekW 60 Hz with OOB

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Electronic Media Center: LEXE0920-00

Building Code: IBC 2012		Seismic Certification Limits:			$S_{DS} = 2.00g$	$z/h = 1.0$	$I_p = 1.5$
					$S_{DS} = 3.20g$	$z/h = 0.0$	
Model Line	Model	Dimension (in)			Max Wt. (lb)	Notes	UUT
		Depth	Width	Height			
C27 (≤800 kW)	Open – Min. package	163.1	72.0	87.0	14,050	*Open package inherently tested since tank is rigid.	1*
	Open – Max. package	172.0	84.0	86.0			
	Enclosed – No tank	300.0	100.0	111.9	22,827		
	Enclosed – 1000 gal.	300.0	100.0	127.0	36,332	UUT: 60 Hz	1
	Enclosed – 2000 gal.	300.0	100.0	136.0	43,660		
C32 (≤1000 kW)	Open – Min. package	166.7	79				
	Open – Max. package	177.0	84				2*
	Enclosed – No tank	300.0	100				
	Enclosed – 1000 gal.	300.0	100				
	Enclosed – 2000 gal.	300.0	100				
3512 (≤1250 kW)	Min. package	199.0	77				
	Max. package	214.2	81				
3512B (≤1280 kW)	Min. package	206.6	77				
	Max. package	218.2	81				
		Model Line			Model		
		Global Design Box w/ EMCP 4 Controller (Caterpillar)			Base		
					Side Ext. Box		
					Rear Ext. Box		
		High Voltage Box w/ EMCP 4 Controller (Caterpillar)			HVB		
					NSJ Frame (600A max)		
					L Frame (600A max)		
					P Frame (1,200A max)		
					R Frame (3,000A max)		
					NT Frame (5,000A max)		
		Molded Case Circuit Breaker (Schneider)			Radiator (API Thermasys)		
					Generator (Leroy-Somer)		
					37SF		
					44SF		
					60SF		
					1200 Frame		
					1400 Frame		
					1600 Frame		
					1800 Frame		
					2700 Frame		
					3000 Frame		

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Recap

- Seismic regulations
 - IBC certification is the most stringent
- Regulation Challenges & Process
 - Multistep, iterative
- Product Certification
 - Significantly increased product offering

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Summary

- Cooling Systems
- Harsh Environments (Air temperature, air pressure, air quality)
- Harsh Environments (Earthquakes)
 - Seismic Certification
- Cat thoroughly design and test their generator sets to ensure a performance optimised durable product

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A large, industrial-grade CAT generator set, featuring a complex arrangement of pipes, valves, and a large cooling fan. The unit is mounted on a heavy-duty black frame. The CAT logo is visible on the side of the engine housing.

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Questions ?

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Questions?

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